THE GOODWILL EXCEL CENTER, PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL
CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY
June 15, 2015

ARTICLE I
PURPOSE

The purpose of this Conflict of Interest Policy ("Policy") is to protect the interests of The Goodwill Excel Center, Public Charter School ("GEC") with respect to any transaction or relationship that might benefit the private interest of a GEC Board member, officer, or any other individual with decision making authority with respect to that transaction or arrangement. This Policy is intended to supplement, rather than replace, any applicable federal or state laws governing conflicts of interests or self-dealing.

No GEC Board member, officer, or employee shall engage in any outside business or professional activity or employment for compensation that is inconsistent or in conflict with the conscientious performance of his/her GEC duties.

A potential conflict of interests may arise from any situation or activity in which a GEC Board member, officer, or employee may be influenced by considerations that affect him/her professionally or financially in the course of performing work for GEC. This includes any circumstance in which doubt may reasonably be cast on an individual’s ability to act with total objectivity with regard to GEC’s interests.

The presence of a conflict under this Policy does not necessarily eliminate an entity from consideration for a transaction or relationship with GEC.

ARTICLE II
DEFINITIONS

1. Interested Person

Any member of the Board of Directors ("Board"), an officer, or other individual who has both (a) decision making authority for GEC with respect to a transaction or relationship (even if not the ultimate decision making authority) and (b) a direct or indirect financial interest or personal interest, as defined below, in that transaction or relationship.

2. Entity

Any individual, partnership, corporation, government body, or other organization, whether for-profit or not-for-profit.
3. **Executive Committee**

   The Executive Committee of GEC’s Board of Directors

4. **Financial Interest**

   A person has a *financial interest* when s/he has, through business, investment, or close relatives —
   
   a. an ownership or investment interest in any entity with which GEC has a transaction or relationship; or
   
   b. a compensation arrangement with any entity or individual with which GEC has a transaction or relationship; or
   
   c. a potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which GEC is contemplating a transaction or relationship

   A *financial interest* is not necessarily a conflict of interests. See Article III, Section 2

5. **Compensation**

   Direct remuneration (whether financial or non-financial) as well as gifts that are more than token in nature

6. **Personal Interest**

   A person has a *personal interest* in an entity if s/he or a close relative serves on the board of directors, an advisory committee, or similar body of such entity

7. **Close Relatives**

   An individual’s spouse or domestic partner, and any parent, child, or sibling (including any father-, mother-, son-, daughter-, brother-, or sister-in-law); this definition also includes any other relative sharing the same residence

8. **Do/Does Business with GEC**

   An entity *does business* with GEC if it is, has been, or is seeking to become, engaged in any financial transaction or relationship with GEC
9. **Conflict of Interests Committee**

The committee performing responsibilities set forth in this Policy, consisting of the three members appointed by the President as the Corporate Compliance Committee, including the Corporate Compliance Officer, who chairs the Committee

**ARTICLE III**

**PROCEDURES**

If a potential conflict of interest involves anyone other than a GEC Board member, the Conflict of Interest Committee shall perform the responsibilities set forth in this Policy. However, if a potential conflict of interest involves a GEC Board member, the Board and the Executive Committee shall perform the respective responsibilities set forth in this Policy.

1. **Duty to Disclose**

   a. In connection with any actual or potential conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose to the Conflict of Interests Committee (or, if a Board member, to the Board) the existence of his/her financial or personal interest and all material facts relating to that interest.

   b. Each GEC Board member, employee, and onsite contractor shall disclose in advance potential conflicts of interest either

      i. by completing the annual disclosure form attached to this Policy (as the same may be revised from time to time), and by timely amending such disclosure form as often as necessary during any year, and by providing all such forms to the President (or her/his designee) pursuant to Article V hereof; or

      ii. by notifying the President (or his/her designee) in writing of all information necessary to identify an actual or potential conflict.

   c. For purposes of this Policy, the President and/or Compliance Officer shall (i) disclose to the Board any matter requiring Board action and (ii) disclose to the Conflict of Interests Committee all other matters requiring action by the Committee. The President and/or Compliance Officer shall notify the Board if a contract having a value equal to or exceeding $25,000 is awarded to an entity in which an employee, officer or board member of GEC has a financial or personal interest.
2. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists

a. If an interested person who is not a Board member desires to participate in any decision related to a matter as to which s/he has a potential or actual conflict of interest, the Conflict of Interests Committee shall determine in advance if a conflict in fact exists. Such determination shall be based on the interested person’s disclosure in advance of the financial and/or personal interest and, after all material facts have been presented (in writing and/or in person) to the Conflict of Interest Committee. If the Conflict of Interests Committee concludes that a conflict of interest in fact exists, the procedures set forth in Section 3(b) below shall be followed.

b. If an interested person who is a Board member desires to participate in any decision related to a matter as to which s/he has a potential or actual conflict of interest, the Executive Committee shall recommend, and the Board shall determine, whether a conflict of interest exists. The Executive Committee’s recommendation and the Board’s determination shall be based on the interested person’s disclosure in advance of the financial and/or personal interest and, after all material facts have been presented (in writing and/or in person) to the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee shall report its recommendation to the Board, which shall take up the matter in executive session. If the Board concludes that a conflict of interest in fact exists, the procedures set forth in Section 3(b) below shall be followed. A conflict of interest shall be deemed to exist for any Board member who is also a Board member of Goodwill of Greater Washington with regard to any agreement between GEC and Goodwill of Greater Washington.

c. If an interested person recuses him/herself from a matter as to which an actual or potential conflict exists, the Conflict of Interests Committee, the Executive Committee, or the Board, as appropriate, shall note such recusal and follow the procedures set forth in Section 3(b) below.

d. In any situation in which a Conflict of Interests Committee member has a potential conflict of interest, that matter shall be reported to the President who will then act in place of such member with respect to that matter. In any situation in which an Executive Committee or other Board member has a potential conflict of interest, the person with the potential conflict of interest shall not participate in the Executive Committee’s or the Board’s evaluation of whether an actual conflict of interest exists.

3. Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest

a. If a determination is made that no conflict of interest exists, the interested person may participate in all discussions and decisions related to the matter at issue.
b. If a determination is made that a conflict does exist or if the interested person voluntarily recuses him/herself from participation in the matter at issue —

i. the interested person shall not participate in any discussion or decision (final or intermediate) with respect to the transaction or arrangement at issue; and

ii. any decision that would otherwise have been made by the interested person shall instead be made by his/her direct supervisor, provided, however, that, if the interested person with decision making authority concerning the matter at issue is either the President or the Chairman of the Board, such decision shall instead be made by a majority of the Executive Committee. The foregoing notwithstanding, the decision whether to enter into, terminate or modify any agreement between GEC and Goodwill of Greater Washington shall be made by the Board members who do not have a conflict of interest.

4. Violations of the Conflict of Interest Policy

a. If the Conflict of Interests Committee or the Board has reasonable cause to believe that an individual has failed to disclose an actual or potential conflict of interest or has otherwise violated this Policy, it shall inform the individual of the basis for such belief and afford such individual an opportunity to explain the alleged violation or failure to disclose.

b. If, after hearing the individual's response and making such further investigation as may be warranted in the circumstances, the Conflict of Interests Committee or the Board, as appropriate, determines that the individual has in fact failed to disclose an actual or potential conflict of interest or has otherwise violated this Policy, it shall ensure that appropriate disciplinary and corrective action is taken.

ARTICLE IV
RECORDS OF PROCEEDINGS

The minutes of meetings of the Executive Committee, Board and Conflict of Interests Committee shall include –

1. The names of any person who disclosed or was otherwise found to have a financial or personal interest in connection with an actual or potential conflict of interests, the nature of that financial or personal interest, any decision by the interested person to recuse him/herself from the matter, any action taken to determine the existence of a conflict of interests, and the Conflict of Interests Committee's, Executive Committee's or Board's
decision, as the case may be, as to whether a conflict of interests in fact exists.

2. The names of all persons present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement as to which any conflict of interests was found, as well as a summary of such discussions, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection therewith.

ARTICLE V
ANNUAL STATEMENTS

Each GEC Board member, officer, employee and onsite contractor shall annually complete a Conflict of Interests questionnaire in which s/he (i) discloses the information requested with respect to potential conflicts of interests and (ii) affirms that s/he is fully familiar with this Policy and has disclosed all pertinent information relating to actual or potential conflicts of interests. The responses to such questionnaire shall be timely amended as often as necessary during any given year to keep the respondent’s disclosures accurate and up to date.

ARTICLE VI
PERIODIC REVIEWS

To ensure that GEC operates in a manner consistent with its charitable purposes and applicable law, specifically by not approving transactions or arrangements tainted by conflicts of interests, the Conflict of Interests Committee shall conduct periodic reviews not less than once per year. The Committee may in its discretion use the services of outside advisors to assist it in conducting such reviews.

ARTICLE VII
AMENDMENTS

No amendment or change to this Policy shall be effective without approval of GEC’s Board of Directors.
GUIDELINES FOR AVOIDING CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS OR EVEN THE APPEARANCE OF SUCH CONFLICTS

GEC recognizes that Board members, officers, employees, and onsite contractors have interests and responsibilities outside of their work for GEC. It is nevertheless each such person’s obligation to avoid any actual or apparent conflict between GEC’s business interests and his/her interests and to do what is best for GEC. As part of this commitment, each such person must avoid any appearance of favoritism that could result from giving or receiving gifts, entertainment, or anything of value outside of any GEC business transaction itself.

In support of GEC’s Conflict of Interests Policy, each person subject to its requirements should take care to comply with the following guidelines:

• Know, understand, and comply with the requirements of the Conflict of Interests Policy. When in doubt about the applicability of any of its provisions, consult with the President or Corporate Compliance Officer.

• Avoid doing anything that could give the appearance that s/he has given favorable or special treatment to any outside organization or individual with whom GEC does business. Avoid circumstances that could impair his/her objectivity or weaken his/her ability to promote GEC’s best interests.

• Promptly disclose any personal situation or transaction that may give rise to a conflict of interests or the appearance of a conflict of interests.

• Do not engage in any illegal or unethical practice or take any unfair advantage in GEC business dealings. Never offer, give, solicit, or receive any form of bribe, inducement, or kickback. Never – either directly or through a third party – solicit a gift of any kind from anyone s/he knows is doing or seeks to do business with GEC. Never accept a gift or services worth more than $100 from any such person without obtaining the President’s or the Corporate Compliance Officer’s written consent.

• Never offer, promise, pay, or give anything of value – directly or indirectly – to any government official or employee, or political party, party official, or candidate, in a manner inconsistent with applicable law.

Adopted: June 15, 2015